

Year 1: Animals, Including Humans

TYPES OF VERTEBRATES:



BIRD

Warm-blooded
Have wings and beaks
Have feathers
Lay eggs

EXAMPLES:
robin, goose, pigeon, turkey, parrot



FISH

Have fins and scales
Breathe underwater using gills
Lay eggs in water
Cold-blooded

EXAMPLES:
trout, mackerel, sea horse, snapper



MAMMAL

Give birth to live young
Usually have hair or fur
Warm-blooded
Cannot breathe underwater
Can be pets, farm animals or even wild.
Humans are mammals

EXAMPLES:
rabbit, human, dolphin, elephant



AMPHIBIAN

Cold-blooded
Lay eggs
Live on land and water
Can breath underwater through gills when young, but then develop lungs.

EXAMPLES:
frog, toad, salamander, newt

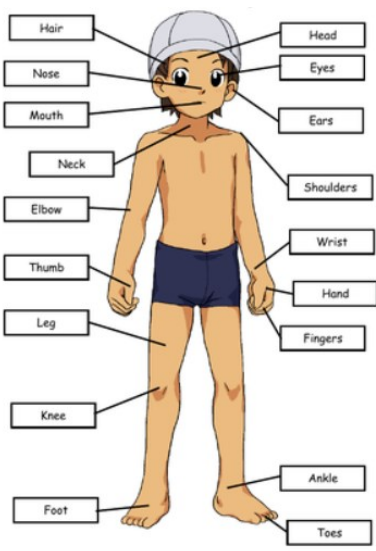


REPTILE

Cold-blooded
Lay eggs
Have scales
Cannot breathe underwater

EXAMPLES:
lizard, turtle, iguana, anaconda

BODY PARTS:



Although humans have key body parts in common, these vary from person to person.

We can compare body parts using comparative language e.g. small, smaller, smallest; big, bigger, biggest; tall, taller; tallest; long, longer, longest.

OTHER INFORMATION:

CARNIVORE

Carnivorous animals eat other animals

EXAMPLES:
Cat, dog, lion, tiger, human, whale

HERBIVORE

Herbivorous animals eat only plants

EXAMPLES:
rabbit, snail,

OMNIVORE

Omnivorous animals eat both plants and animals

EXAMPLES:
Humans

WHO:

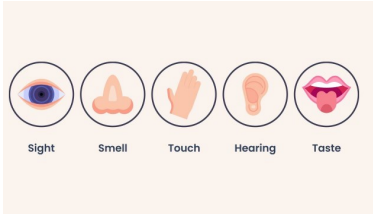


Jane Goodall: 1934 - Present

Jane Goodall is an English primatologist - the best expert on chimpanzees.

She studied their family interactions in the wild for over 60 years.

She was the first person to observe chimpanzees creating and using tools - a trait that at the time was thought to be done only by humans.



KEY VOCABULARY

AMPHIBIAN: a cold-blooded vertebrate animal, that has water based, gill breathing offspring

BIRD: a warm-blooded, egg-laying vertebrate animal that has feathers, wings, a beak and can often fly.

FISH: a limbless, cold-blooded vertebrate animal with gills and fins living wholly in water.

HERBIVORE: an animal that only eats plants or plant-based products.

MAMMAL: a warm-blooded vertebrate that has hair or fur and gives birth to live young.

OMNIVORE: a person or animal that eats all kinds of food, including both meats and plants.

REPTILE: a cold-blooded vertebrate animal that has dry, scaly skin and typically lays eggs on land.

SENSES: a way in which the body receives a message from the world

VERTEBRATE: an animal that does have a backbone.